

JUNIOR PRIZE EXAM  
SPRING 2004

1) Prove that  $n^4 + 3n^2 + 2$  is never a square of an integer.

2) Let  $n$  be a positive integer. Prove that  $2^n!$  is divisible by  $2^{2^n - 1}$ .

3) Draw a circle of radius 1 at each of the four vertices of the unit square. Determine the area of the region that is covered by all four circles.

4) Assume  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are acute angles (i.e.,  $0 < \alpha, \beta < \pi/2$ ) such that

$$(1) \quad \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta = 1.$$

Show that

$$(2) \quad \alpha + \beta = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

5) Assume the function  $f$  on the real line satisfies the equation

$$(1) \quad f(x)f(y) = f(x + y)$$

for all reals  $x$  and  $y$ . Assume, further, that  $f$  is differentiable at 0. Show that  $f$  is differentiable everywhere.

6) Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  be positive numbers. Show that

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} + \frac{a_2}{a_3} + \dots + \frac{a_{n-1}}{a_n} + \frac{a_n}{a_1} \geq n.$$

7) Let  $f$  be a real-valued function on the real line and assume that

$$(1) \quad f(xy + x + y) = f(xy) + f(x) + f(y)$$

for all reals  $x$  and  $y$ . Show that then

$$(2) \quad f(u + v) = f(u) + f(v)$$

for all reals  $u, v$ .