

Topics List for Exam 1

- Material from 3110
 - Classes:
 - Accessors and mutators (aka getters and setters)
 - Private / public
 - What the =operator and copy constructors do by default and why this causes a problem with classes that have pointers in them.
 - Know how to implement constructors using member initialization lists.
 - Know when you would need a destructor.
 - What pass by value, pass by reference, and pass by const reference do, and why you would use/not use each one.
 - Operator overloading
 - Know how to overload the Boolean operators (==, !=, >, <, >=, <=)
 - Know how to implement the [] operator
 - Know how to implement the << operator
 - Know how to implement the + operator
 - Recursion
 - How to write a simple recursive algorithm
 - How to trace through a recursive algorithm
- Vectors
 - STL vectors
 - How to create a vector with an initial size
 - How to create an empty vector
 - How to initialize a vector using an array. (You'll need to recognize this, but you won't need to write it)
 - What the operations push_back(), pop_back(), back(), size(), empty(), and the [] operator do.
 - How to write functions that go through a vector, performing some operation (e.g. printing out a whole vector, summing up a vector, whatever).
 - Our own implementation
 - How did we implement a vector? (You don't have to implement one from scratch on the test, but you should know what we did)
 - What is the running time of push_back(), pop_back(), back(), size(), empty(), and the [] operator?
- Lists
 - STL lists
 - How to create a list with an initial size.
 - How to create an empty list.
 - How to initialize a list using an array. (You'll need to just recognize this.)

- What the operations `push_back()`, `pop_back()`, `back()`, `size()`, `empty()`, `push_front()`, and `pop_front()` do.
 - How to write functions that go through an entire list using iterators, performing some operation.
- Our Own list implementation
 - How did we implement a list?
 - Know how to write code to add/remove an element from the head/tail of a linked list structure.
 - What is the running time of `push_back()`, `pop_back()`, `back()`, `size()`, `empty()`, `push_front()`, and `pop_front()` using a linked list implementation.
- Analysis of Algorithms
 - Know the definitions for the following:
 - Running time (or time complexity)
 - Space complexity
 - Algorithm
 - Correctness of an algorithm
 - Know how to analyze the running time of a simple algorithm and explain why that is the correct running time.
 - Know how linear search and binary search work and which is better in which situations
- Stacks
 - Know how to create an empty stack
 - Know what `push()`, `pop()`, `empty()`, and `size()` do.
 - Be able to solve a problem using a stack.