MAT2440 - Exam 1 Review

- 1. Determine whether $(\neg p \land (p \lor q)) \rightarrow q$ is a tautology.
- 2. Show that $(p \to q) \land (p \to r)$ and $p \to (q \land r)$ are logically equivalent.
- 3. Show that $p \leftrightarrow q$ and $(p \wedge q) \lor (\neg p \land \neg q$ are logically equivalent.
- 4. Show that $(p \to q) \to r$ and $p \to (q \to r)$ are not logically equivalent.
- 5. Let P(x), Q(x) and R(x) be the statements "x is a professor", "x is ignorant", and "x is vain," respectively, where the domain consists of all people. Translate each of these statements into English.
 - (a) $\forall x \neg (P(x) \land Q(x))$
 - (b) $\exists x (R(x) \land \neg Q(x)) \to \exists y P(y)$
 - (c) $(\forall x Q(x) \rightarrow \exists y \neg P(y)) \lor \forall y R(y)$
- 6. (Follow-up to previous problem.) Express each of these statements using quantifiers; logical connectives; and P(x), Q(x), and R(x).
 - (a) All ignorant people are vain.
 - (b) No professors are ignorant.
 - (c) There is a person that is both vain and a professor.
- 7. Negate the following statements so that the negation appears only within the predicates.
 - (a) $\forall x \exists y P(x, y)$
 - (b) $\exists y(Q(y) \land \forall x \neg R(x, y))$
- 8. Translate these statements into English, where C(x) is "x is a comedian" and F(x) is "x is funny" and the domain consists of all people.
 - (a) $\forall x(C(x) \to F(x))$
 - (b) $\forall x (C(x) \land F(x))$
 - (c) $\exists x (C(x) \land \neg F(x))$
- 9. Determine whether the following arguments are valid. If the argument is correct, what rule of inference is being used? If it is not, what logical error occurs?
 - (a) If it snows today, the university will close. The university is not closed today. Therefore, it did not snow today.

- (b) Quincy likes all action movies. Quincy likes the movie *Shakespeare in Love*. Therefore, *Shakespeare in Love* is an action movie.
- (c) Consider the following argument form.

$$p \land q$$

$$p \to r$$

$$q \to s$$

$$\therefore r \land s$$

- 10. For each of these arguments, determine whether they are correct or incorrect and explain why.
 - (a) All men are mortal. Socrates is a man. Therefore, Socrates is mortal.
 - (b) A convertible car is fun to drive. Isaac's car is not a convertible. Therefore, Isaac's car is not fun to drive.
- 11. Show that for every integer n, n^2 is even if and only if n is even.
- 12. Show that if n is and integer and $n^3 + 5$ is odd, then n is even using
 - (a) a proof by contraposition.
 - (b) a proof by contradiction.