cis32-ai — lecture # 27 — mon-15-may-2006	brief overview
today's topics: • artificial life	<ul> <li>Artificial Life as a Tool for Biological Inquiry, by Charles Taylor and David Jefferson (1995)</li> <li>what is artificial life?</li> <li>four levels (according to Taylor and Jefferson): <ol> <li>molecular level — "wetware"</li> <li>cellular level — "software"</li> <li>organism level — "hardware"</li> <li>population level — "multiagent systems"</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
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resnick and wilensky	resnick and wilensky, continued

• decentralized tools for learning: constructionism

• lessons for understanding decentralized thinking

positive feedback isn't always negative
 randomness can help create order

4. a traffic jam isn't just a collection of cars

- hands-on exploration

- no recipe to follow

- "creatures" (agents)

- "patches" (environment)

3. a flock isn't a big bird

5. the hills are alive

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• StarLogo, NetLogo

- Learning about Life, by Mitchel Resnick (1995)
- Turtles, Termites, and Traffic Jams: Explorations in Massively Parallel Microworlds, by Mitchel Resnick (1994)
- Modeling Nature's Emergent Patterns with Multi-agent Languages, by Uri Wilensky (2002)
- centralized versus decentralized models, ways of thinking
- the old way: *centralized* "by lead or by seed"
- the new way: *decentralized*
- decentralized computational models:
- neural networks
- subsumption architecture
- cellular automata
- emergence, evolution
- what is emergent behavior?
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