#### cis20.2

design and implementation of software applications 2 spring 2010 lecture # II.3

## today's topics:

- a bit more on relational databases
- finishing up sql labs 1 & 2
- and meeting with project group to discuss database design

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you can also store the same data with 2 tables:

#### • tblUser

userID	lastname	firstname	
1	sklar	elizabeth	
2	mouse	mickey	
3	mouse	minnie	
4	potter	harry	

# • tblBday

tbiBday			
userID	month	day	
1	12	11	
2	10	9	
3	8	7	
4	12	11	

• but notice that this is less efficient, because users 1 and 4 have the same birthday and that information is stored twice in the bday table

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last time, we created this example with 3 tables:

#### • tblUser

userID	lastname	first name	
1	sklar	elizabeth	
2	mouse	mickey	
3	mouse	minnie	
4	potter	harry	

## • tblBday

bdayID	ID month	
1	12	11
2	10	9
3	8	7

#### rltUserBday

userID	bdayID
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	1

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similarly, you can also store the same data with 1 table:

#### • tblUser

userID	lastname	firstname	month	day
1	sklar	elizabeth	12	11
2	mouse	mickey	10	9
3	mouse	minnie	8	7
4	potter	harry	12	11

• but again, this is less efficient, because users 1 and 4 have the same birthday and that information is stored twice in the bday table

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## preserve table integrity

- the other advantage of the first way (using 3 tables) is that you are preserving the table integrity by storing data in the tbl. tables and the relation in a separate table
- if you do this (using either 3 or 2 tables), you have to be careful when removing entries from the tables
- think of the user table as the primary table and the other tables as auxiliary to that table
- if you remove an entry from the user table, you must also remove the corresponding entry for the birthday table (in the 2-table model) or the relation (in the 3-table model)

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• 2-table example:

```
mysql> DELETE FROM tblBday WHERE userID=4;
mysql> DELETE FROM tblUser
WHERE lastname='potter' AND firstname='harry';
```

• or if you don't know what the userID value is:

```
mysql> DELETE FROM tblBday
WHERE userID=(
    SELECT userID FROM tblUser
WHERE lastname='potter'
AND firstname='harry');
mysql> DELETE FROM tblUser
WHERE lastname='potter' AND firstname='harry';
```

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#### example

• 3-table example:

```
mysql> DELETE FROM rltUserBday WHERE userID=4;
mysql> DELETE FROM tblUser
WHERE lastname='potter' AND firstname='harry';

• or if you don't know what the userID value is:
mysql> DELETE FROM rltUserBday
WHERE userID=(
SELECT userID FROM tblUser
WHERE lastname='potter'
```

WHERE lastname='potter' AND firstname='harry';

AND firstname='harry');
mysql> DELETE FROM tblUser

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• 1-table example:

```
mysql> DELETE FROM tblUser
WHERE lastname='potter' AND firstname='harry';
```

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