  **Question 1:**   Which of the following are valid ways to declare the three integer variables <u>a</u>, <u>b</u>, and <u>c</u>?

```
i.        ints  a, b, c;


ii.       int a;
          int b;
          int c;

iii.      int a, int b, int c;

iv.       int a, b, c;

v.        int a; int b; int c;

vi.       Int a, b, c;
```

For each one, run a little program to test your answers.
That program will need all of the usual stuff at the top (#include, using namespace, etc.), followed by these declaration statements.  In each case, see what happens when you try this form of the declaration.


  **Question 2:** Use the following variable values for this part of the lab (each variable must be declared first; then assign a value, as shown):

```
     a = 34;       b = -3;     c = 1;
```

 i.  Show how to <u>print</u> these three variables, using one or more *cout* statements, so the output looks like this:

```
34
-31    (note there is no space between -3 and 1)
  ←      (we are ready to print now on this line)
```

ii.  Repeat part i, but this time have the output like this:

```
-3 1 34 ←       (exactly one space between values, and we
                    are ready to print right after the 4)
```

iii.  Repeat part i, but this time have the output like this:

```
-3134 ←           (no space between values)
```