

# CISC 3150

## Sample Midterm Exam

**Question 1:** Briefly describe each of the following concepts.

1.1 Dynamic binding

1.2 Overriding

1.3 Polymorphism

**Question 2:** Give the output of each of the following programs.

```
Java class A {
    public String toString(){
        return "x="+getX();
    }
    int getX(){ return x;}
    int x = 2;
}
class B extends A {
    int getX(){ return x;}
    int x = 1;
}
class C extends A {
    int getX(){ return x;}
    int x = 3;
}
class Test {
    public static void main(String[] s){
        A o1 = new B();
        C o2 = new C();
        System.out.println(o1.toString()); // Output is _____
        System.out.println(o2.toString()); // Output is _____
    }
}
```

```
C++ class parent {
public:
    virtual void show(){
        cout << "show in parent" << endl;
    }
    void m(){
        cout << "m in parent" << endl;
    }
};

class child: public parent {
public:
    void show(){
        cout << "show in child" << endl;
    }
    void m(){
        cout << "m in child" << endl;
    }
};

int main(){
```

```

    parent* parent_object_ptr = new child;
    parent_object_ptr-> show();    // Output is -----
    parent_object_ptr-> m();      // Output is -----
    return 0;
}

```

### Question 3

Write the following functions in Java or C++.

1. `min_max_median(lst)`: This function returns a list that contains the minimum, the maximum, and the median numbers of a given list `lst`. If `lst` has an odd number of elements, then the median is the number that separates the higher half from the lower half. If `lst` has an even number of elements, then the median is the mean of the two middle values.
2. `sum_assoc(lst1, lst2)`: This function takes two lists of the same length and returns a list that contains the sums of the corresponding pairs. For example, if `lst1` is `[1,2,3]`, and `lst2` is `[7,8,9]`, then the returned list is `[8,10,12]`.
3. `repli(lst, n)`: This function replicates the elements of `lst` `n` times. For example

```
repli(['a', 'b', 'c'], 3)
```

returns `['a', 'a', 'a', 'b', 'b', 'b', 'c', 'c', 'c']`.

### Question 4

The following gives a partial implementation of a class named `MyList`. A `MyList` object is a singly-linked list, where the first node is referenced by the variable `head`, and the last node is referenced by the variable `tail`.

```

class ListNode<E> {
    public ListNode(E data, ListNode<E> next){
        this.data = data;
        this.next = next;
    }

    public E data;
    public ListNode<E> next;
}

class MyList<E> implements List<E> {
    ...

    private ListNode<E> head, tail;
}

```

Implement the following methods:

- `lastIndexOf(o)`: returns the index of the last occurrence of `o`.

```
public int    lastIndexOf(Object o);
```

- `equals(o)`: returns true if `o` equals this list. Two lists are equal if they have the same size and the elements are pair-wisely equal.

```
public boolean    equals(Object o);
```

## Question 5

(extra credit, from EPI)

- Write a program that tests whether a singly linked list is palindromic.
- You are given an array of strings. Compute the `k` strings that appear most frequently in the array.