Is it possible to solve every computable function?

A function can be computable, yet be infeasible to compute in a reasonable amount of time.

B. Is a function feasible to compute?

To decide if a problem is computable in a reasonable amount of time, one must consider all possible algorithms. If one them can carry out the calculation in a reasonable amount of time (and size), the problem is feasible.

Example: Sorting a set of n elements - test 2 algorithms:

- 1. Method 1 The selection sort algorithm:
  - find the largest of the n elements.
  - find the largest of the remaining n-1 elements.
  - find the largest of the remaining n-2 elements.
  - •••

- the smallest element is remaining.

Work required is n + n - 1 + ... + 2 + 1 = n(n + 1)/2 units

2. Method 2 - Exhaustive listing and search:

- list all permutations (orderings) of the elements.

- pick the one that is sorted.

Work required is n(n-1)(n-2) ... (3)(2)(1) = n! units

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e.g., for n= 5:
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method 1 requires 15 units of work method 2 requires 120 units of work!